

## Proposed Product Category for Biobased Designation

The following biobased product information has been collected to support product category designation by USDA for the BioPreferred Program. This summary reflects data available as of May 14, 2009.

**Title:** Asphalt Restorers

**Description:** Products designed to seal, protect, or restore poured asphalt and concrete surfaces.

**Companies Supplying Product Category:** 5 companies supplying Asphalt Restorers have been identified through internet searches, manufacturer's directories, trade associations, and company submissions.

**Industry Associations Investigated:** The following industry associations have been investigated for member companies supplying Asphalt Restorers:

- United Soybean board Association
- National Corn Growers Association
- National Asphalt Pavement Alliance
- Asphalt Pavement Alliance
- The Asphalt Institute

**Commercially Available Products Identified:** Of the companies identified, 7 Asphalt Restorers are commercially available on the market.

**Product Information Collected:** Specific product information including company contact, intended use, biobased content, and performance characteristics have been collected on 5 Asphalt Restorers.

**Industry Performance Standards:** Product information submitted by biobased manufacturers and suppliers indicate that have typically been tested to the following industry standards:

- ASTM D2170

**Samples Tested for Biobased Content:** 3 samples of Asphalt Restorers have been submitted to independent laboratories for biobased content testing as specified by ASTM standard D6866.

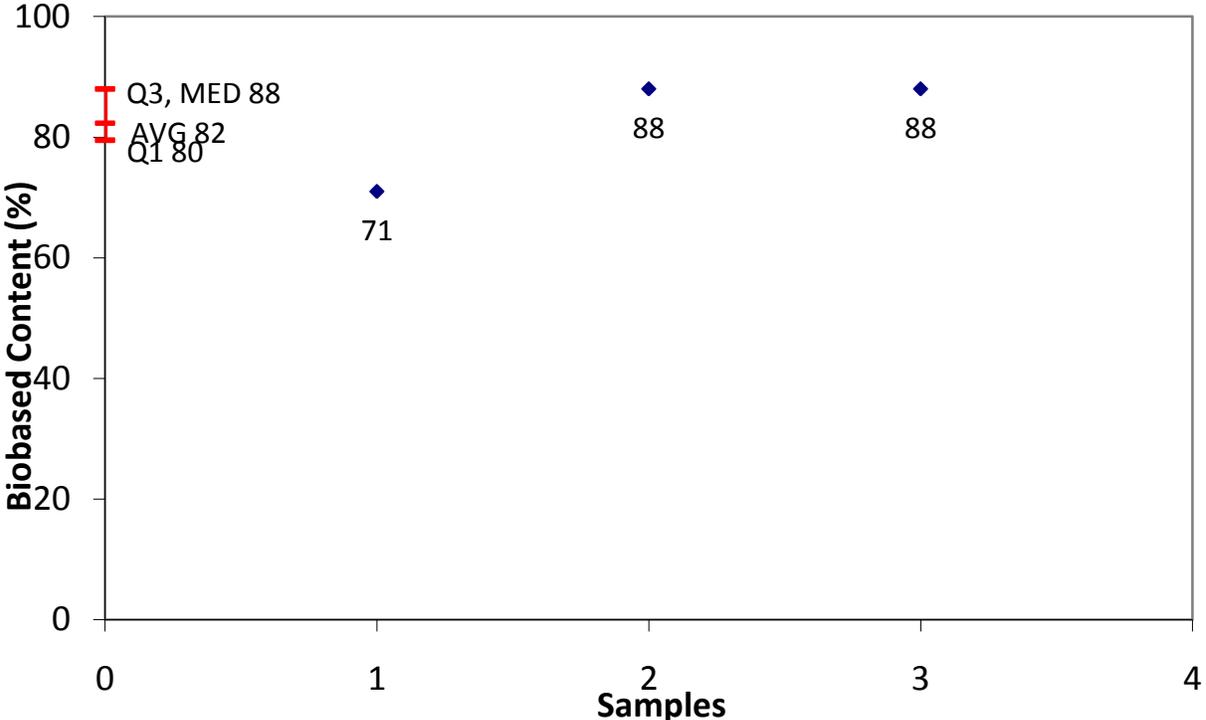
**Biobased Content Data:** Results from biobased content testing of Asphalt Restorers indicate a range of content percentages from 71% minimum to 88% maximum biobased content as defined by ASTM D6866. A detailed distribution of biobased content levels is included as Appendix A.

**Products Submitted for BEES Analysis:** Life-cycle cost and environmental effect data for 1 Asphalt Restorers have been submitted to NIST for BEES analysis.

**BEES Analysis:** The life-cycle cost of the submitted Asphalt Restorers is \$5,228.08 per usage unit. The environmental score is 5.9211. A detailed summary of the BEES results is included as Appendix B.

**Appendix A - Biobased Content Data**

**Asphalt Restorers**

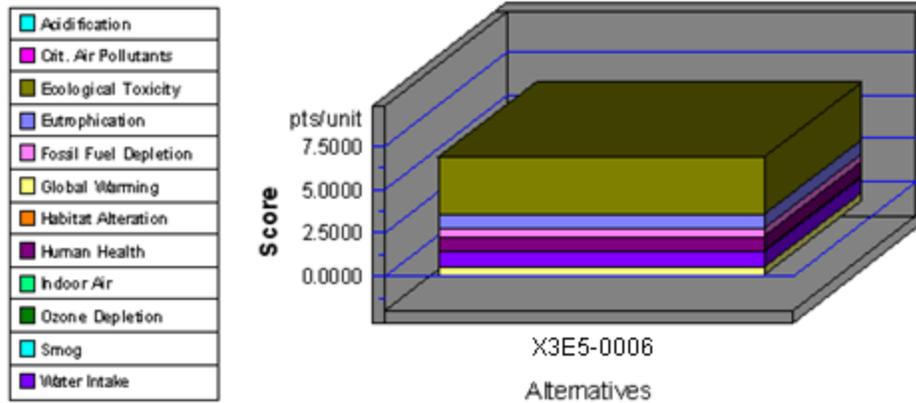


|   | Company | Product   | C14 | BEES |
|---|---------|-----------|-----|------|
| 1 | X3E5    | X3E5-0007 | 71  |      |
| 2 | X3E5    | X3E5-0006 | 88  | Yes  |
| 3 | TRHZ    | TRHZ-0001 | 88  |      |

## Appendix B - BEES Analysis Results

Functional Unit: Cover one 1-mile long lane for 10 years

### Environmental Performance



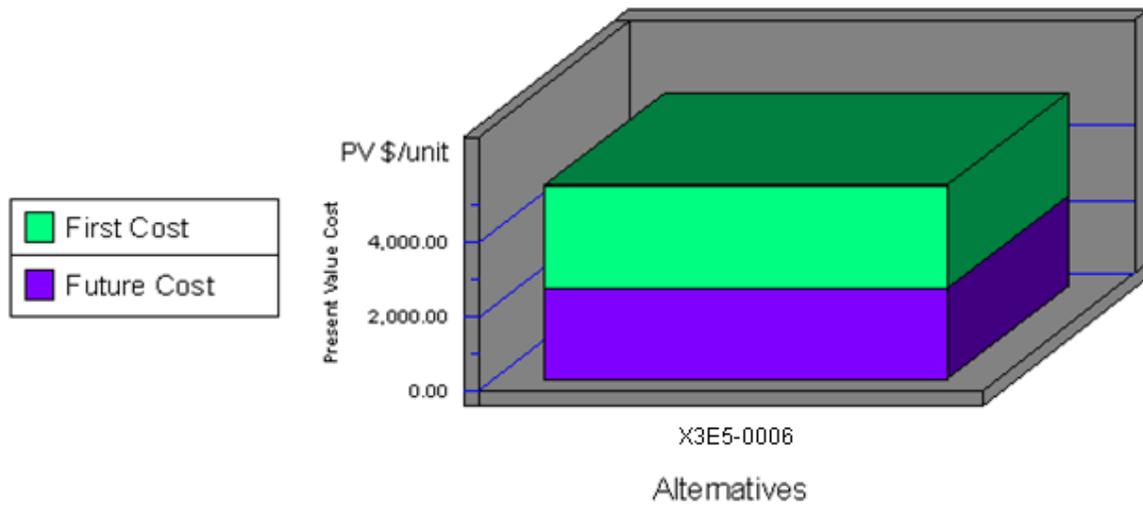
Note: Lower values are better

| Category                 | X3E5-0006     |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Acidification--3%        | 0.0001        |
| Crit. Air Pollutants--9% | 0.0359        |
| Ecolog. Toxicity--7%     | 3.3137        |
| Eutrophication--6%       | 0.7557        |
| Fossil Fuel Depl.--10%   | 0.4480        |
| Global Warming--29%      | -0.4369       |
| Habitat Alteration--6%   | 0.0000        |
| Human Health--13%        | 0.7957        |
| Indoor Air--3%           | 0.0000        |
| Ozone Depletion--2%      | 0.0000        |
| Smog--4%                 | 0.1398        |
| Water Intake--8%         | 0.8691        |
| <b>Sum</b>               | <b>5.9211</b> |

| Asphalt Restorers       |   |   |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Impacts                 | Units                                       | X3E5-0006                               |
| Acidification           | millimoles H <sup>+</sup> equivalents       | 3.27E+05                                |
| Criteria Air Polutants  | microDALYs                                  | 7.66E+01                                |
| Ecotoxicity             | g 2,4-D equivalents                         | 3.87E+04                                |
| Eutrophication          | g N equivalents                             | 2.42E+03                                |
| Fossil Fuel Depletion   | MJ surplus energy                           | 1.58E+03                                |
| Global Warming          | g CO <sub>2</sub> equivalents               | -3.85E+05                               |
| Habitat Alteration      | T&E count                                   | 0.00E+00                                |
| Human Health--Cancer    | g C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> equivalents | 4.99E+02                                |
| Human Health--NonCancer | g C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub> equivalents | 1.01E+06                                |
| Indoor Air Quality      | g TVOCs                                     | 0.00E+00                                |
| Ozone Depletion         | g CFC-11 equivalents                        | 4.65E-04                                |
| Smog                    | g NO <sub>x</sub> equivalents               | 5.30E+03                                |
| Water Intake            | liters of water                             | 5.76E+04                                |
| Functional Unit         | -----                                       | Cover one 1-mile long lane for 10 years |

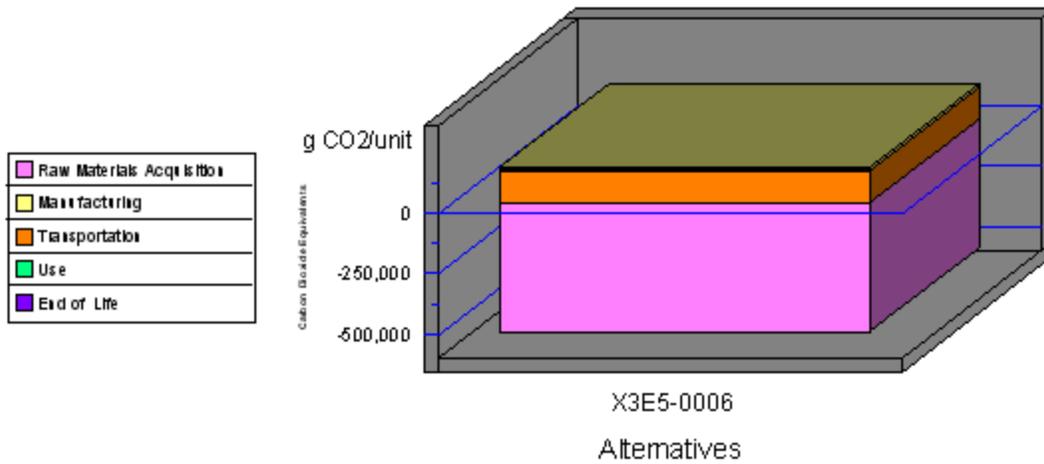
1. Following are more complete descriptions of units: Acidification: millimoles of hydrogen ion equivalents; Criteria Air Pollutants: micro Disability-Adjusted Life Years; Ecological Toxicity: grams of 2,4-dichlorophenoxy-acetic acid equivalents; Eutrophication: grams of nitrogen equivalents; Fossil Fuel Depletion: megajoules of surplus energy; Global Warming: grams of carbon dioxide equivalents; Habitat Alteration: threatened and endangered species count; Human Health-Cancer: grams of benzene equivalents; Human Health-NonCancer: grams of toluene equivalents; Indoor Air Quality: grams of Total Volatile Organic Compounds; Ozone Depletion: grams of chloroflourocarbon-11 equivalents; Smog: grams of nitrogen oxide equivalents; and Water Intake: liters of water.

# Economic Performance



| Category           | X3E5-0006      |
|--------------------|----------------|
| First Cost         | 2806.86        |
| Future Cost-- 3.0% | 2421.22        |
| <b>Sum</b>         | <b>5228.08</b> |

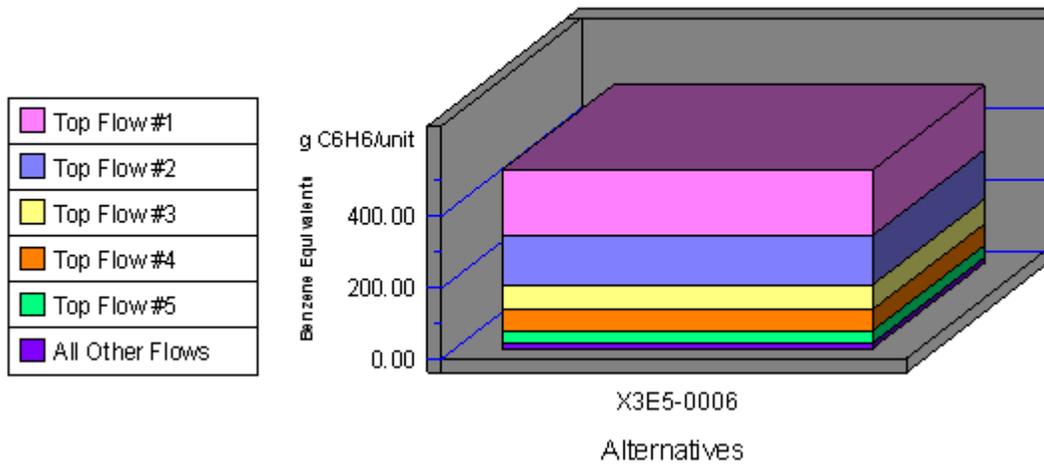
## Global Warming by Life-Cycle Stage



**Note: Lower values are better**

| Category          | X3E5-0006      |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. Raw Materials  | -529818        |
| 2. Manufacturing  | 16150          |
| 3. Transportation | 127023         |
| 4. Use            | 1272           |
| 5. End of Life    | 0              |
| <b>Sum</b>        | <b>-385373</b> |

## Human Health Cancer by Sorted Flows\*

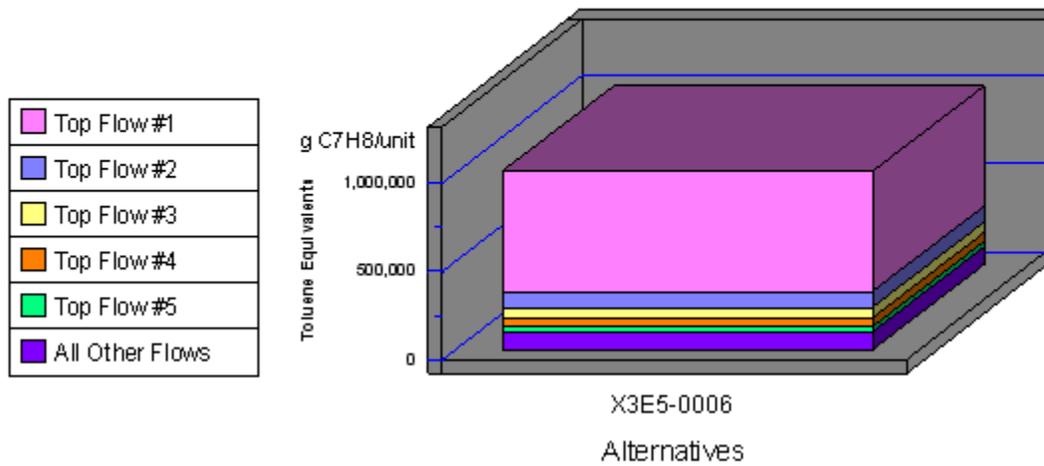


**Note: Lower values are better**

| Category                        | X3E5-0006     |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Cancer--(w) Arsenic (As3+)      | 182.83        |
| Cancer--(w) Phenol (C6H5OH)     | 135.58        |
| Cancer--(a) Dioxins (unspecifc) | 69.94         |
| Cancer--(a) Arsenic (As)        | 59.94         |
| Cancer--(a) Simazine            | 34.06         |
| All Others                      | 16.78         |
| <b>Sum</b>                      | <b>499.13</b> |

\*Sorted by five topmost flows for worst-scoring product

## Human Health Noncancer by Sorted Flows\*



**Note: Lower values are better**

| Category                        | X3E5-0006           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Noncancer-(a) Mercury (Hg)      | 677,358.59          |
| Noncancer-(a) Dioxins (unspeci) | 88,111.88           |
| Noncancer-(w) Barium (Ba++)     | 61,179.86           |
| Noncancer-(a) Lead (Pb)         | 50,775.56           |
| Noncancer-(w) Lead (Pb++)       | 35,882.05           |
| All Others                      | 100,626.29          |
| <b>Sum</b>                      | <b>1,013,934.23</b> |

\*Sorted by five topmost flows for worst-scoring product